ah.

What is claimed is:

1. A photosensor device, which comprises a light-applying fiber to apply an inspection light to a sybject to be inspected; a light-receiving fiber to receive a reflected light from the subject to be inspected; a laser/beam source to emit the inspection light to the light-applying fiber; a photosensor to receive the reflected light via/the light-receiving fiber; and a casing enclosing the light applying fiber, the lightreceiving fiber, the laser beam source and the photosensor. 2. The photosensor device a cording to Claim 1, the photosensor device comprises fiber a rays obtained by disposing plural channels of sensor units/in the casing, wherein the sensor unit as one channel comprises the light-applying fiber, the light-receiving fiber which forms a pair with the lightapplying fiber, the /laser beam source connected to the light-applying fiber, and the photosensor connected to the light-receiving fiber.

3.A disk inspection apparatus for irradiating an inspection light on a surface of a rotating disk and inspecting surface conditions of the disk based on a reflected light, which comprises a turning table for rotating the disk fitted thereon; a photosensor body disposed opposite to the surface of the disk; and a transfer means for reciprocally transferring the photosensor body in a direction perpendicular to a rotating direction of the disk along the surface of the disk; wherein the photosensor body comprises a fiber array constructed by arranging sensor units as multi-channels, each of the sensor

units comprising as one unit, a light-applying fiber, a light-receiving fiber which forms a pair with the light-applying fiber, a laser beam source connected to the light-applying fiber, and a photosensor connected to the light-receiving fiber.

4. The disk inspection apparatus according to Claim 3, wherein a plurality of the fiber arrays are arranged in plural lines in such a state that phases of adjacent fiber arrays are shifted.